

LIST

of questions and practical tasks for the attestation (comprehensive) examination for the educational program "6B06118 – Software Engineering"

1. Discipline "Software Development Tools"

- 1. Integrated Development Environments (IDEs): Purpose, Features, and Benefits.
- 2. Architecture and features of using Visual Studio, PyCharm and VS Code.
- 3. Version control systems: how it works, basic Git commands.
- 4. GitHub, GitLab, and Bitbucket: Feature comparison and use case.
- 5. Branching processes in Git (branching models): Git Flow, Feature Branches.
- 6. Build automation tools: Maven, Gradle, Make.
- 7. Apache Maven project management system: project structure and POM file.
- 8. Package managers (npm, pip, NuGet): purpose and features of work.
- 9. Dependency Management in Software Projects: Principles and Tools.
- 10. Code documentation tools (Sphinx, Javadoc, Swagger).
- 11. Software testing tools: JUnit, PyTest, NUnit.
- 12. Types of testing and test automation.
- 13. Debugging programs: tools, methods, breakpoints, viewing variables.
- 14. Application logging and monitoring: tools and best practices.
- 15. Docker: Containerization basics and creating a Dockerfile.
- 16. Docker Compose: Multi-Container Application Management.
- 17. Containerization vs virtualization: comparison and areas of application.
- 18. Continuous Integration and Delivery Systems (CI/CD): Principles and Pipelines.
- 19. GitHub Actions, GitLab CI, Jenkins: comparative characteristics.
- 20. Software version control and releases.
- 21. Code quality analysis tools: SonarQube, ESLint, Pylint.
- 22. UML modeling: tools (Visual Paradigm, StarUML, Enterprise Architect).
- 23. CASE tools and their role in the development of software systems.
- 24. Figma and UI/UX prototyping tools in software development.
- 25. Team collaboration tools: Jira, Trello, Asana.
- 26. DevOps approach: basic tools and stages of the life cycle.
- 27. Configuration management tools: Ansible, Puppet, Chef.
- 28. Virtual development environments: venv, Conda, VirtualBox.
- 29. Cloud development tools: AWS, Azure, Google Cloud.
- 30. Code security control tools and static analysis (SAST/DAST).

2. Discipline "Fundamentals of Computer Modeling"

- 1. The main features of the Python language are interpretation, dynamic typing, and applications.
- 2. The structure of the program is in Python. Variables, data types, and operations.
- 3. Control constructs: conditions (if/elif/else) and loops (for, while).
- 4. Strings and Row Operations. String methods.
- 5. Lists in Python: Creating, Indexing, Slicers, Basic Methods.

- 6. Tuples and their features. Differences between tuples and lists.
- 7. Dictionaries and sets: data structure, methods, areas of application.
- 8. Functions: declaration, parameters, scopes, recursion.
- 9. Anonymous functions (lambda), higher-order functions (map, filter, reduce).
- 10. Working with files: reading, writing, file modes.
- 11. Exceptions: error handling, try/except/finally blocks.
- 12. Modules and packages: import, organization of the project structure.
- 13. Python virtual environments (venv, conda).
- 14. Object-oriented programming: classes, objects, methods.
- 15. Inheritance, encapsulation, polymorphism.
- 16. Dunder methods and operator overloading.
- 17. Generators and iterators.
- 18. Decorators: purpose, principles of work, examples.
- 19. Work with dates, times, and the datetime library.
- 20. Working with databases in Python (sqlite3, SQLAlchemy).
- 21. Fundamentals of Data Processing: NumPy Library.
- 22. Tabular data and data analysis in the pandas library.
- 23. Data visualization: matplotlib, seaborn.
- 24. Basics of network programming: sockets, HTTP requests.
- 25. Basics of multithreading and multiprocessing.
- 26. Work with API, JSON, and XML.
- 27. Python web development basics: Flask/Django (structure, routes).
- 28. Python code testing: unittest, pytest.
- 29. Logging and debugging of programs (logging, pdb).
- 30. Practices for writing high-quality Python code: PEP 8, typing.

3. Discipline "Object-Oriented Programming"

- 1. The basic principles of object-oriented programming are encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction.
 - 2. The concept of class and object. Class structure, properties (attributes), and methods.
 - 3. Designers and destructors. Object life cycle.
 - 4. Access modifiers: public, private, protected (in C++/Java languages).
 - 5. Encapsulation: definition, benefits, practical examples.
 - 6. Inheritance: Types of inheritance, class hierarchies, method overrides.
 - 7. Polymorphism: static and dynamic. Examples of implementation.
 - 8. Abstract classes and interfaces. Application in system design.
 - 9. Override and overload methods.
 - 10. UML Class Diagrams: Elements, Relationships, Design Use.
 - 11. Composition and aggregation: differences and examples.
 - 12. Multiple inheritance: benefits, challenges, and solutions.
 - 13. Exceptions in OOP: error handling, exception hierarchies.
 - 14. Static Class Members: Static Methods and Variables.
 - 15. Virtual functions (in C++), dynamic linking mechanisms.
 - 16. Object generation and memory management (new/delete, garbage collector).
 - 17. Design Patterns: Role and Classification.
 - 18. Generative patterns: Singleton, Factory, Abstract Factory.
 - 19. Structural patterns: Adapter, Decorator, Composite.
 - 20. Behavioral patterns: Strategy, Observer, Command.
 - 21. SOLID Principles: Description and Application in OOP.
 - 22. Work with collections of objects: lists, dictionaries, sets (in different languages).
 - 23. Use generics in Java/C# and template in C++.
 - 24. Operator overloading: purpose and examples.

- 25. Interfaces and how they differ from abstract classes.
- 26. Object serialization mechanisms.
- 27. Event and subscriber processing (event-driven programming).
- 28. A system of modules and namespaces (namespace, package).
- 29. Principles of object-oriented code refactoring.
- 30. The use of OOP in modern languages: Java, C#, Python, C++, Swift.

4. Tasks

- 1. Analysis of the sales dataset (CSV + Pandas + charts) Upload a CSV file (any: sales, students, transactions). Fulfill:
- output of the first lines;
- Data types
- Missing values
- Top 5 best-selling categories;
- build a sales graph by months (line plot).
- 2. Statistical analysis of the data set (NumPy + visualization) Generate a random array of 1000 numbers. Calculate:
- mean, median, variance, standard deviation;
- build a histogram of distribution;
- Find outliers (values $> 3\sigma$).
- 3. Text analysis (NLP basics + Counter)
 Upload a text file (or take text from the Internet).
 Fulfill:
- cleaning the text from punctuation;
- word counting;
- Frequency analysis of words (Counter);
- Visualization of the top 20 words (bar chart).
- 4. Working with GitHub API (requests)

Get GitHub User Data:

- login, followers, public repos;
- creation dates;
- List of repository names
- Display the top 5 repositories by number of stars.
- 5. Analysis of film data (pandas + grouping)
 Use a ready-made IMDB or TMDb dataset (available in the public domain).
 Fulfill:
- top 10 films by rating;
- average rating by genre;
- visualization: rating vs budget;
- Find movies with a payback > 200%.
- 6. 3D Data Visualization (Matplotlib 3D)

Generate 3D points:

- x, y random;
- z is the function $z = \sin(x) + \cos(y)$;
- Build a 3D graph of the surface or scatter plot.

7. Linear regression model (sklearn)

Generate data:

- x random values;
- y = 3x + 7 + noise.

Fulfill:

- LinearRegression model training
- visualization of the regression line;
- MAE, MSE, R2.

8. Working with a high-level nested JSON file

Upload JSON (e.g., weather data, GitHub API, or your own).

Tasks:

- withdraw all level 1 keys;
- Find all items of the "list" type.
- extract specific fields (temperature, date, location);
- convert to a DataFrame.

9. Time Series Analysis (pandas + resample)

Use a dataset with dates (for example, cryptocurrency prices, exchange rate).

To be done:

- converting the index to datetime;
- aggregation by day/month;
- moving average;
- trend chart.

10. Simulation (Monte Carlo Simulation)

Run 10,000 simulations:

- model stock prices using a random walk model;
- build a distribution of final values;
- visualize 50 random trajectories;
- find the probability of falling below a given level.

11. Creating a Class and Object

- Create a Student class with the fields name, *group*, *GPA*. Implement a method that displays complete information about the student.

12. Encapsulation and getters/setters

Develop a BankAccount class with a private balance field. Implement the deposit() and withdraw() methods to check the correctness of the amount.

13. Using constructors

- Create a Book class with multiple constructors:
- empty
- with the title and author,
- with the title, author and year of publication.
- 14. Create the classes Transport (base), Car, Bike (descendants). Implement the general move() method and override it in the descendants.

- 15. Create an array of objects of the Animal base class containing Dog, Cat, and Cow objects. Implement the *sound() method*, which is called polymorphically.
- 16. Create an abstract Shape class with an abstract getArea() *method*. Implement the Circle and Rectangle descendants.
 - 17. Create an ILogger interface with the *log(message) method*. Implement two classes: ConsoleLogger

FileLoggerwhich handle messages differently.

- 18. Create a Library class that stores a list of books and provides methods:
- add a book,
- delete the workbook,
- Find a book by title.
- 19. Implement your own InvalidAgeException, which is thrown when you try to set an age less than 0 or greater than 120.

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- 20. Develop a simplified Online Store system that includes classes:
- Product,
- Customer,
- Order,
- OrderItem.
- Implement:
- adding products to the order;
- calculation of the total cost;
- Display of information about the order.

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